

VOODOO CORRECTOR HARMONIC LIMITS

(VOL.I – "THE EARLY YEARS")

X1, X2 Dipoles		X1 Sextupole
0.48 T.m @ 1"		0.145 T.m @ 1"
[b _n , a _n] max		[b _n , a _n] max
(units)		(units)
b0		60
a0		60
b1	50	50
a1	50	50
b2	100	
a2		

X3 Dipoles		X3 Skew Quad
0.48 T.m @ 1"		0.190 T.m @ 1"
[b _n , a _n] max		[b _n , a _n] max
(units)		(units)
b0		10
a0		10
b1	15	60
a1	15	
b2	40	
a2		

- These limits on multipoles cause distortion of the 95% 20π beam envelope at the IP during collisions by ≤ 1 mm in β_x^* & β_y^* and/or ≤ 1 μm in x^* & y^* — there should be no noticeable hit on luminosity & no need to retune the linear IR optics.
- **N.B:** These harmonic limits were calculated assuming absolutely the worst-case conditions & undoubtedly can be relaxed significantly:
 - (i) The X1, X2 dipoles were all running flat out at 0.48 T.m simultaneously to obtain the dipole corrector limits;
 - (ii) Likewise, all X1 sextupoles were at full strength at once;
 - (iii) X3 correctors were at full field — in the real world this would indicate something was seriously wrong with the triplet alignment & the IR optics would be re-tuned until the problem could be fixed.